

YESTERDAY'S WEATHER
U. S. WEATHER BUREAU
April 7, 1918—Last twenty-
four hours—rainfall, .00.
Temperature, Min. 57, Max.
73. Weather, at clouds.

Hawaiian Gazette

FOOD FORECAST FOR TODAY
All Meats Meats and one Wheatless

VOL. LII, NO. 29 HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, TUESDAY, APRIL 9, 1918.—SEMI-WEEKLY. WHOLE NUMBER 4728

GERMAN ATTACKS ARE NO LONGER SENT DIRECTLY AT THE AMIENS SALIENT

Attention Is Turned North and South In Effort To Widen Wedge and Avoid Danger

Experts Expect New Drive To Be Launched On Front Between Arras and Lens

WASHINGTON, April 9.—(Associated Press)—Abandonment of the offensive against Amiens at least for the time being was evidenced by the developments of the fighting in Picardy yesterday. At the same time it became more apparent that the enemy is trying to widen its wedge on that salient and at the same time there came indications of an offensive upon other sectors which may be momentarily expected, presaged as it is by the terrific drum fire of yesterday.

GERMANS AWAKEN TO DANGER

Offensives directed to the north and to the south but not at the point of the wedge which the Germans have driven toward the Amiens objective were conducted throughout yesterday and it is apparent these will be continued today. They are apparently trying to widen this wedge into a more blunt formation so as to reduce the danger of counters on these points.

From the Labasse canal to the sectors east of Laon the Germans directed a heavy drum fire, almost approaching a barrage in violence at times, clearly in preparation for an infantry attack which is expected to begin at any moment. This is expected to be directed against the western elbow of the Allies' salient.

ALLIES HOLD HIGHER GROUND

In this sector the Germans are under one distinct disadvantage for they have an uphill height before them. There is a row of hills which is occupied by the Allies, strongly entrenched and this is blocking their passage. Firing from the higher ground the Allies are able to sweep the enemies' ranks with machine guns and shells. Wherever the Germans have made any gains in this sector the condition has been made apparent for their losses have been exceptionally heavy.

MAKE GAINS NEAR CHAUNY

In the vicinity of Chauny the Germans made considerable progress but lost severely in the engagement the French contesting vigorously every position that was relinquished. Here the Teutons were seeking to remove a menacing salient. The French fell back slowly to prepared positions and were holding them strongly last night with the battle still in progress.

NEW ENGAGEMENT LOOKED FOR

Military experts think the Germans are planning a tremendous effort along practically the whole front between Arras and Lens. There was heavy cannonading along practically the whole of this front and this is supposed to be in preparation for an attempted infantry advance in waves, like the tactics that have marked all the German offensive during the battle of Picardy.

Small advances for the British on the south bank of the Somme was claimed in despatches from London which said that except for hostile artillery-fire along the sectors already mentioned and in the vicinity of Bucquoy where was some of the heaviest fighting on Monday and the French held ground there was nothing of especial interest.

Paris reported heavy shelling of the French positions on the Amiens front, especially on the left bank of the Oise during Sunday night and yesterday, but no important infantry attacks.

BERLIN CLAIMS ADVANTAGES

Official despatches from the German war office in Berlin said: "On Sunday we threw the enemy back to the western bank of the Ailette. After capturing Pierremanday and Folembray our forces advanced along the eastern borders of the Courcy woods to Vauvill. The number of prisoners taken reached two thousand. "Powerful pressure we are bringing to bear against the French continues to force them back in this sector."

COUNTER NOT LAUNCHED

The counter-blow of Allies against the Germans on the west front has not yet been launched. The official war review issued by the war department indicates this, in summing up the situation on the Amiens sector. The review says that French, British and American reserves are pouring into the Allied lines covering Amiens, to help check the Germans and be ready for the counter. The review notices a substantial improvement in the strategic positions of the Allies in Picardy. No mention is made that the Americans are to join the forces under Foch's direction. The German plan has been upset, says the review, by the stubbornness with which the defense met the German attacks, which proved tremendously costly in men and ammunition. Information received here from American and other officers say that in the last four days the Germans have used up 25 divisions in their vain efforts to break the French line and reach the railroad south of Amiens and the French have checked every attack, said advices from the American front.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—(Associated Press)—Transportation of the American troops to France is proceeding

Dismay Displayed Over Lack of Success of Drive

German Press Is Given Orders To Reassure Populace And To Emphasize Explanations For Cessations of Attempted Offensives

WASHINGTON, April 9.—(Associated Press)—Apparent acknowledgment that the great drive which was to land von Hindenburg in Paris this month, in anticipation of which the Kaiser and the Crown Prince came to Ombrai to prepare for their triumphal entry, is at an end, without a single objective of military importance being reached, is now coming out of Germany. The general staff, it is intimated, is doing what is possible to lessen the effect that the news will have upon the German people that more than three hundred thousand German men and youths have been sacrificed without a victory.

PRESS IS INSTRUCTED

A digest of the opinion in Germany on the Picardy situation is contained in official French despatches received here last night. This digest says that the German general staff is instructing the military correspondents of the German press to reassure the public through emphasized explanations of cessation of the German effort to smash the Anglo-French line. The military correspondents are to inform the German public that the battle has been successful from the German standpoint, even though complete victory has not been attained, and the total of prisoners taken and guns and other booty captured are to be reiterated as proof of this.

DISMAY ENTREATED

These instructions, the French despatch points out, betray the dismay that is now evident at the prospect of the offensive being definitely checked.

Captain Fardus, the military critic of the Berlin Tagesspiegel, in a recent article, asserts that German opinion of the American entry into the war as an enemy of the Fatherland, which has been one of score at American effort, is now undergoing a change in the face of the news that American reserves are moving as reinforcements and supports for the Anglo-French in Picardy.

—W. S. S.—

WRATH OF CZECHS IS RISING HIGHER

Excitement Against German Classes In Dual Monarchy Grows—Czernin Distrusted

WASHINGTON, April 9.—(Associated Press)—According to official despatches from Switzerland, the excitement in the Slav circles of Austria-Hungary against the German classes of the Dual Monarchy is increasing and has been recently added to by the warlike attitude recently adopted by the organs of the German party, which declare that Austria and Hungary must never conclude a peace on any other terms than that the Central Powers are victorious and in a strong position to dictate.

These organs of the German party have recently swung around to a strong support of Premier Count Czernin, leading the Slav element to understand that Czernin is now committed to the German ideas.

AIRPLANES are shot down by the dozen along the great Picardy front and many of them fall behind the British lines. Here is shown a party of British officers and aviators inspecting the ruins of a Gotha Biplane and taking a look at its engine.



New Amendment To Stop Imports To Dry Navy Zones

More Drastic Prohibition Rules Approved By Daniels; Whether Similar Rules Will Be Adopted By Army Not Announced

WASHINGTON, April 9.—(Associated Press)—Drier than ever will be the dry zones which surround naval training camps and naval stations. Up to this time it has been possible for residents within those dry zones to import for their own use such liquor as they may have desired. Under the amended rules this will be impossible for the "personal use" provision will be eliminated.

Secretary of Navy Daniels yesterday gave his approval to the proposed amendment to the dry zone order as it has been heretofore effective. The amendment contains a provision which prohibits the bringing into homes within the dry zones further supplies after the present supplies have been exhausted. In some of the zones it has been found that liquor was slipping in and through bootleggers reaching men of the naval service. To make the provisions of the orders more effective the amendment has been designed.

—W. S. S.—

SOCIALIST MEETING IS SWEEPED INTO LINE

Was To Assail Government's War Policy But Bought Liberty Bonds Instead

CHICAGO, April 8.—(Official)—A patriotic enthusiasm today swept a big Socialist meeting here from the pacifist camp into the camp of loyal support of the government. The meeting was called with the announced purpose to assail the government's war program. Instead the national secretary and other Socialist party leaders denounced the Kaiser and Germany's war aims and methods and then the audience, in a scene unique for its enthusiasm and fervor, bought a large quantity of Liberty Bonds and pledged support for the war.

—W. S. S.—

CHINESE WILL GROW TRUCK FOR MARKETS

Colony of Nine Hundred, Gets Land In Wisconsin

LA CROSSE, Wis., April 8.—(Official)—Nine hundred Chinese, chiefly from Chicago are beginning to arrive here to start a truck garden colony. More than 1200 acres of land have already been purchased for the colony. The Chinese plan to raise potatoes, onions and celery this year. Twenty acres will be allotted to each family. The United States agricultural department has been consulted and is advising them how to obtain the best results.

Hundreds of Communities Pass Quota Early In Loan Campaign and Win Their Flags of Honor

WASHINGTON, April 8.—(Official)—Reliable figures on the results of the first day of the Third Liberty Loan campaign will not be available before Wednesday. It was at first announced they would be given out today but the volume of subscriptions has proved to be so far in excess of what had been hoped for that this was found impossible. The popular response has been unexpectedly heavy and gratifying.

In California alone seventy-eight honor flags have been won by counties and communities which have already subscribed for their full quota. Hundreds of communities in the country have made similar splendid records.

Quotas of the various cities and counties are arranged by the federal reserve bank in the district of which the cities and counties are located. The quotas by Federal reserve districts are as follows:

THIRD LIBERTY LOAN			SECOND LIBERTY LOAN		
City	Percent	Quota	City	Percent	Quota
Boston	8 1/3	\$250,000,000	10	300,000,000	\$475,000,000
New York	30	900,000,000	30	900,000,000	1,550,000,000
Philadelphia	8 1/3	250,000,000	8 1/3	250,000,000	380,000,000
Cleveland	10	300,000,000	10	300,000,000	450,000,000
Richmond	4 1/3	130,000,000	4	120,000,000	201,000,000
Atlanta	3	90,000,000	2 1/2	80,000,000	90,000,000
Chicago	14 1/6	425,000,000	11	420,000,000	585,000,000
St. Louis	4 1/3	130,000,000	4	120,000,000	184,000,000
Minneapolis	3 1/2	105,000,000	3 1/2	105,000,000	140,000,000
Kansas City	4 1/3	130,000,000	4	120,000,000	150,000,000
Dallas	2 2/3	80,000,000	2 1/2	75,000,000	77,000,000
San Francisco	7	210,000,000	7	210,000,000	292,000,000

BRYAN IS WITNESS FOR RAM CHANDRA

May Go On Stand Tomorrow and His Writings Will Be Made Part of Defense

SAN FRANCISCO, April 9.—(Associated Press)—William Jennings Bryan, one time secretary of state of the United States, will be a witness in the Hindu Revolution Conspiracy Case. It is expected that he will arrive here tomorrow and will be put on the stand immediately as a witness in the defense which is being presented by Ram Chandra. The Teuton alleged conspirators have finished their defense and the Indian defendants are now presenting their side of the case. "The Commoner" has been twice served with subpoenas in this case. After the service of the first subpoena Bryan wrote a letter seeking to be excused. This counsel for Ram Chandra consented to do provided a booklet written by Bryan entitled "British Rule in India" be admitted in evidence. To this the prosecution agreed but later the defendant insisted he must have Bryan on the stand to furnish important details of testimony and a second subpoena was issued and served at Little Rock.

Bryan must respond to the second subpoena if service on him can be had," it was said at United States Marshal James B. Holohan's office.

According to Chandra, McGowan agreed to the withdrawal of the first Bryan subpoena, without consulting the wishes of the principal Hindu defendants. Chandra, the Government contends, was the leader of a band of Hindoos who undertook the task of organizing 8000 of his countrymen up and down the Pacific Coast in 1913 to return to India and participate in a revolution to throw off the yoke of British dominion.

Chandra justifies his activities, it is said, on humanitarian grounds and expects Bryan to prove his accusations of mistreatment of Hindoos by Great Britain. Chandra's defense will be made after the defense of Louis T. Hengstler, former attorney for the German Consulate in San Francisco, is in. Hengstler will follow Harry J.

REAR-ADMIRAL FORD CALLED BY DEATH

Had Earned Promotion By Long and Distinguished Service and In Two Wars

BALTIMORE, April 9.—(Associated Press)—Rear Admiral John D. Ford, U. S. N., retired, died here yesterday, aged seventy-eight.

Admiral Ford served with distinction during the Civil War and during the Spanish American War, taking part in a number of the important naval engagements in the former conflict and being with Admiral Dewey in the destruction of the Spanish fleet at Cavite. Following the Battle of Manila Bay he was advanced in his grade as commodore "for eminent and conspicuous conduct in battle."

He entered the navy as third assistant engineer in 1862. During the Civil War he took part in the recapture of Baton Rouge and the battles of Mobile Bay. He was fleet engineer of the Pacific Fleet when the war with Spain was declared. He was retired in 1902, but continued on duty as inspector of machinery and ordnance at Sparrow's Point, Maryland, until 1908. He was the author of a number of professional papers and of a book, "An American Cruiser in the East."

—W. S. S.—

FISH HATCHERY HERE ASKED BY DELEGATE

WASHINGTON, April 8.—(Associated Press)—Delegate Kalaniana'ole today introduced a resolution appropriating \$50,000 for a fish hatchery in Honolulu.

He also introduced a resolution to give Hawaii the same right as the States to participate in federal funds for vocational education. Hart, San Francisco broker, who probably will conclude his cross examination at the hands of United States District Attorney John W. Pres ton today.

RUSSIA FEARS LANDING ONLY FIRST STEP OF REAL INVASION

Fears Menace of Japanese Action and Great Excitement Prevails in Moscow Following Receipt of First News

COMMISSARIES HOLD ALL-NIGHT SESSION

Representatives of United States, Great Britain and France Are Told Only Solution Is Immediate Withdrawal

WASHINGTON, April 9.—(Associated Press)—Landing of Japanese and British forces, especially those of the Japanese, in Vladivostok has created the most intense excitement in Moscow, despatches received last night told.

All of Friday night from early evening until after daylight, the commissaries were in session. The foreign commissioner summoned the American, French and British representatives and protested to them emphatically. He said the only solution offered was the immediate withdrawal of the landing forces.

The representatives of the three other countries thought the situation was not critical but was purely local and was only temporary in its nature.

PRESS ALARMED

Russian papers generally fear that the action taken at Vladivostok is only the first step in an intended Japanese occupation of Siberia.

The Siberian workmen and soldiers council has organized a Red Guard like that of Russia to send to Vladivostok and to guard the railway.

Bolsheviks are now on the way to Irkutsk to urge the Bolsheviks here to adopt harsher measures.

TURKS INVADE CAUCASUS

Turkish forces are reported to be invading the Caucasus for the purpose of taking over the territory which is granted to Turkey by the Brest-Litovsk treaty.

WASHINGTON ANXIOUS

Reports of the landing of Japanese and British naval forces at Vladivostok, following the killing of a Japanese officer and the wounding of several other Japanese, promise to cause the state department considerable concern. Assuming as correct the story of lawless conditions in Vladivostok, the consular reports of Japanese killed, supplemented by evidence that the Bolsheviks are either powerless or unwilling to punish the guilty persons, and afford protection to foreigners, officials here believe that the United States can not withhold full approval of the action of the Japanese and British.

The American consul at Vladivostok has reported the landing of British naval forces following similar action by the Japanese. Additional advices say that fifty British sailors were landed to guard the British consulate. The Japanese landing force has been increased to 250 men.

MINIMIZES TROUBLE

It is reported here that the Japanese diplomatic representative at Vladivostok, where Ambassador Francis and other diplomats went after leaving Petrograd, has communicated with M. Tchitcherine, Russian foreign minister, minimizing the seriousness of the action of the Japanese naval forces in landing at Vladivostok.

The Japanese say that the action was purely local, and that Admiral Kato was acting on his own initiative, without instructions from the Japanese government. It is reported M. Tchitcherine is skeptical as to this information.

WARSHIPS SUNK

Russian warships have been sunk by their commanders off the southern coast of Finland to prevent them from falling into the hands of the Germans. They were blown up after the German warships had fired on them, says a Stockholm despatch. Three of the Russian vessels sunk were battleships.

—W. S. S.—

COLONEL GUTHRIE DIES

CAMP ZACHARY TAYLOR, April 8.—(Associated Press)—Col. William Guthrie of the 306th Engineers, died today of pneumonia.